

## May 2013 Future Plans Survey All Respondents: Overview

This overview report presents findings from all graduating seniors participating in the May 2013 Future Plans Survey. Additional reports on the survey methods and analysis, college results, departmental summaries, as well as a copy of the questionnaire, can be found at <http://upa.ncsu.edu/srvy/stdnt/future-plans/may13>.

### Plans Following Graduation

As of the time they completed the survey, a plurality of students graduating in May 2013 indicated that they had secured some type of employment. Almost one-third of all respondents reported that they had *accepted a position that would begin after graduation* (31.2%), while seven percent said they would *continue working in a job they had prior to graduation* (6.7%), and six percent said they would either be *starting their own business* (0.9%), *working as an intern* (3.1%), *servicing in the military* (1.3%), or doing *paid volunteer work* (1.1%).

About one-fourth of the graduates said they were actively seeking employment but had not yet found a position (23.4%). Only 1 percent said they were planning on looking for work but had not yet begun to do so (1.4%). Finally, one-fourth of respondents anticipated going to graduate/professional school as their primary activity in the year after their graduation (21.4%) or going to graduate/professional school and working (5.1%).

**Table 1: Plans Following Graduation**

	N	%
Have accepted position that will begin after graduation	523	31.2
Will continue working in job I had prior to graduation	113	6.7
Have started/will be starting my own business	15	0.9
Will be working as an intern	52	3.1
Currently seeking employment	392	23.4
Have not begun to seek employment, will begin within year	24	1.4
Going to grad/prof school within the year	358	21.4
Going to grad/prof school and working	86	5.1
Taking additional undergraduate coursework	15	0.9
Military service	21	1.3
Volunteer activity	19	1.1
Starting/raising a family	5	0.3
Don't know yet	13	0.8
Other	40	2.4

## Post-Graduate Employment

This section of the report first provides detailed information specifically on those students who indicated they had obtained a full-time position. That is followed by information provided by those who said they were actively seeking employment but had not yet found a position, and lastly, a brief look at those few respondents who said they had not yet begun their job search.

### Full-Time Employment

The majority of respondents who said they had secured employment for after graduation indicated they would be working full-time (91%).

**Table 2: Full- or Part-Time Employment (among those securing employment)**

	N	%
Full-time	707	91.0
Part-time	70	9.0

### Number of Job Offers

Forty-four percent of the students having secured a full-time position said that had been their only job offer. Another 44 percent of respondents said that they had one (27.8%) or two additional job offers (16.7%). Twelve percent of respondents indicated that they had three or more job offers from which to choose.

**Table 3: Number of Job Offers (full-time employees only)**

	N	%
Yes: This was my only job offer	278	43.9
No: I had one other job offer	176	27.8
No: I had two other job offers	106	16.7
No: I had three or more other offers	73	11.5

### Employers

Graduates securing employment were asked the name of the organization for which they would be working after graduation. Although NC State graduates accepted jobs in many, many different companies, those hiring the greatest numbers of NC State May 2013 graduates were Cisco, IBM, NC State University, Hospira, and the US Air Force.

A complete list of the companies/organizations where graduates will be working full-time can be found in Appendix A.

### Industry and Occupation

Students having obtained full-time employment were asked to select the type of industry and the occupational classification of the job in which they would be working from a list of industries and occupations identified by the U.S. Census. Although the graduates are heading into a wide range of industries, the most common industries in which they say they will be working are *professional, scientific, and technical services* (15.2%), and *manufacturing* (13.7%). Those finding full-time employment were most likely to say they would be working in an occupation related to *architecture and engineering* (20%), followed by *computer and mathematics* (10.4%), *business and financial operations* (9.7%), and *sales* (7.8%). Note that many respondents selected "other" for industry and/or for occupation (22.5% and 10.4%). This does not necessarily mean that their industry/occupation did not fall within any of the categories, but rather that they were unsure of which response to select.

**Table 4: Industry (full-time employees only)**

	N	%
Accommodation and Food Services	13	1.9
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	4	0.6
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	26	3.7
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	19	2.7
Construction	30	4.3
Educational Services	36	5.2
Finance and Insurance	34	4.9
Health Care and Social Assistance	41	5.9
Information	29	4.1
Management of Companies and Enterprises	27	3.9
Manufacturing	96	13.7
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	6	0.9
Other Services (except Public Administration)	9	1.3
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	106	15.2
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	2	0.3
Retail Trade	21	3.0
Transportation and Warehousing	18	2.6
Utilities	8	1.1
Wholesale Trade	5	0.7
Other	157	22.5
Not sure	12	1.7

**Table 5: Occupational Classification (full-time employees only)**

	N	%
Architecture and Engineering Occupations	138	20.0
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations	31	4.5
Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations	2	0.3
Business and Financial Operations Occupations	67	9.7
Community and Social Service Occupations	8	1.2
Computer and Mathematical Occupations	72	10.4
Construction and Extraction Occupations	8	1.2
Education, Training, and Library Occupations	30	4.3
Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations	11	1.6
Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	7	1.0
Health Care Practitioners and Technical Occupations	11	1.6
Health Care Support Occupations	18	2.6
Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	7	1.0
Legal Occupations	1	0.1
Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations	19	2.7
Management Occupations	57	8.2
Military Specific Occupations	22	3.2
Office and Administrative Support Occupations	16	2.3
Personal Care and Service Occupations	2	0.3
Production Occupations	27	3.9
Protective Service Occupations	2	0.3
Sales and Related Occupations	48	6.9
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	7	1.0
Other	72	10.4
Not sure	8	1.2

***Relationship of Job to Academic Major and Satisfaction with Job***

Over two-thirds of those with full-time employment said their job was *directly related* to their academic major (69%), and less than ten percent said it was *not at all related* (8%). While the vast majority of those obtaining full-time employment said they were satisfied with the job in which they will be working, those who said they will be working in a position directly related to their major were slightly more likely to very “very satisfied.” Interestingly, those receiving jobs “somewhat related” to their majors were *less* likely to be “very satisfied” than those receiving jobs “not at all related” to their majors (48.7% versus 58.2%). However, while still a relatively small number, those starting in jobs “not at all related” to their major were more likely than others to report being “dissatisfied” (3.6%) or “very dissatisfied” (3.6%) with their upcoming job.

**Table 6: Relationship of Job to Major and Satisfaction with Job (full-time employees only)**

	All	Satisfaction w/ Job					All
		Very Satisfied	Satisfied	Neutral	Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	
Directly related	474	65.6%	28.9%	5.5%	.	.	69.0%
Somewhat related	158	48.7%	41.1%	8.2%	1.9%	.	23.0%
Not at all related	55	58.2%	25.5%	9.1%	3.6%	3.6%	8.0%
All	687	61.1%	31.4%	6.4%	0.7%	0.3%	100.0%

*Job Location*

While NC State graduates will be employed across the nation, 70 percent of those students having accepted a full-time job say they will be staying in North Carolina, with 48 percent working in the Research Triangle area (e.g., Raleigh, Durham, Chapel Hill).

A complete list of the countries and states where graduates will be working can be found in Appendix B.

**Table 7: Job Location (Top Five States of Employment; full-time employees only)**

	N	%
North Carolina	479	69.9
Virginia	30	4.4
Texas	22	3.2
South Carolina	17	2.5
Georgia	14	2.0

**Table 8: Job Location (In or Out of the Triangle; full-time employees only)\***

	N	%
Triangle	318	48.3
Other NC	143	21.7
Outside NC	198	30.0

\*Some respondents did not provide the name of the city in which they would be working and therefore region could not be determined.

*Compensation*

Students with full-time positions were asked to indicate the different ways in which they would be compensated. While 78 percent said they would be getting a salary and 20 percent said their income would include hourly wages, results indicate that graduates are being compensated through a variety of methods. For example, 50 percent said they will be getting only a salary, 18 percent a salary plus performance bonuses, 14 percent only hourly, 3 percent salary plus commission, and 3 percent salary plus commission and performance bonuses.

**Table 9: Type of Compensation (full-time employees only) \***

	N	%
Salary	553	78.3
Performance Bonuses	183	25.9
Hourly	142	20.1
Commission	50	7.1
Tips/Gratuities	5	0.7
Other	39	5.5

\*Respondents could indicate more than one type of compensation.

**Table 10: Type of Compensation, Combined (full-time employees only)**

	N	%
Salary only	344	49.6
Salary plus perf. bonuses	128	18.5
Hourly only	98	14.1
Salary plus commission	21	3.0
Salary plus comm plus perf bonus	19	2.7
Other comp. only	18	2.6
Salary plus hourly	14	2.0
Hourly plus perf. bonuses	10	1.4
Hourly plus comm plus perf bonus	5	0.7
Tips only	2	0.3
Commission only	2	0.3
Other	32	4.6

Respondents were asked to indicate their annual starting salary. NC State's graduates with full-time employment report an average annual starting salary of \$45,817.

**Table 11: Annual Starting Salary (full-time employees only)**

(Average salary = \$45,817)	N	%
Less than \$30,000	120	17.9
\$30,000 - \$39,999	124	18.5
\$40,000 - \$49,999	109	16.2
\$50,000 - \$59,999	114	17.0
\$60,000 or more	171	25.4
Would prefer not answer	21	3.1
Not sure	13	1.9

*One-Time Compensation: Signing Bonuses and Relocation Packages*

Eighteen percent of those with full-time employment said they had received a signing bonus. Forty-six percent of those receiving a bonus said it was for \$5,000 or more (45.7%). One-fifth of those receiving a signing bonus said it was for \$10,000 or more (19.3%).

**Table 12: Signing Bonus (full-time employees only)**

	N	%
Yes	114	18.3
No	509	81.7

**Table 13: Amount of Signing Bonus (full-time employees only)**

	N	%
Less than \$500	1	0.9
\$500 to \$999	1	0.9
\$1,000 to \$1,999	6	5.3
\$2,000 to \$2,999	11	9.6
\$3,000 to \$3,999	27	23.7
\$4,000 to \$4,999	5	4.4
\$5,000 to \$5,999	21	18.4
\$6,000 to \$6,999	5	4.4
\$7,000 to \$7,999	2	1.8
\$8,000 to \$8,999	1	0.9
\$9,000 to \$9,999	1	0.9
\$10,000 or more	22	19.3
Would prefer not answer	10	8.8
Not sure	1	0.9

When asked if they were offered a relocation package, almost half of the students with full-time jobs said that such a package was “not applicable” (47.3%). However, 27 percent of all those with full-time employment said they were offered a relocation package. Offers of relocation packages, not surprisingly, were related to whether or not the future employee would be working in North Carolina. Almost two-thirds (62.6%) of those graduates who would be working outside of North Carolina received a relocation package. About one-third (31.5%) of those who said they would be working in North Carolina but outside of the Triangle received a relocation package.

**Table 14: Relationship of Relocation Package and Region of Job (full-time employees only)**

Job Region	All	Received Relocation Package			All
		Yes	No	N/A	
Triangle	318	1.9%	22.3%	75.8%	48.3%
Other NC	143	31.5%	30.1%	38.5%	21.7%
Outside NC	198	62.6%	29.3%	8.1%	30.0%
All	659	26.6%	26.1%	47.3%	100.0%

*The Job Search*

Thirty-eight percent of respondents who had obtained a full-time position said they began actively looking for a job 9 or more months before graduating. Less than 10 percent of those attaining full-time work started looking less than three months before graduation (8.9%).

**Table 15: When Started Looking for a Job (full-time employees only)**

	N	%
12 or more months before graduation	126	19.7
9-11 months before graduation	117	18.3
6-8 months before graduation	192	30.0
3-5 months before graduation	148	23.1
1-2 months before graduation	47	7.3
Less than one month before graduation	10	1.6

Students were asked to indicate what resources had proven to be helpful in their job search. Those with full-time employment were most likely to say that an *internship/externship* had been helpful (35.4%), followed by attending a *career fair at NC State* (29.9%), *personal connections within the company* (25.1%), *campus or college career center* (24.5%), networking with *family/friends/classmates/co-workers* (22.9%), *applying for a job via ePACK* (22.5%), and/or *on-campus interviewing* (19.8%). Note that some resources may have in fact been helpful for those who used them, but have a smaller frequency overall because fewer students used that particular resource (e.g., *Student teaching experience*).

**Table 16: Helpful Resources (full-time employees only)\***

	N	%
Internship/externship	250	35.4
Career fair at NC State	211	29.9
Personal connection(s) within the company	177	25.1
Campus or college career center	173	24.5
Family/friends/classmates/co-workers	162	22.9
Applied for job via ePACK	159	22.5
On-campus interviewing	140	19.8
Internet	65	9.2
Employer found resume via ePACK	64	9.1
Co-op experience	63	8.9
Faculty member or found job listing in an NC State dept	60	8.5
Consultation with Career Counselor/Coach at NC State	41	5.8
Employer information session on campus	37	5.2
Professional society	34	4.8
Staffing agency	14	2.0
Student teaching experience	12	1.7
Career fair off-campus	8	1.1
Other	69	9.8

\*Respondents could select more than one resource.



## Seeking Employment

Almost one-fourth of the May graduates responding to the Future Plans Survey indicated that as of the time they completed the survey they were *currently seeking employment* (23.4%) and a small number (1.4%) said they had *not yet begun to seek employment but that they planned to do so within a year after graduation* (Table 1). This section of the report first looks at those who were actively seeking a job, and then briefly at those who had not yet begun their job search.

### The Job Search

The majority of students who said they were looking but had not yet found a job as of the time they completed the survey - - typically within two weeks before or after graduation - - said they first started looking for a job less than 6 months before their graduation (76.1%). Of these respondents, 32 percent said they started looking for a job three to five months before graduation, 25 percent said they started looking one to two months prior to graduation, and 19 percent of those without a job said they began their search less than one month prior to graduation.

**Table 17: When Started Looking for a Job (among those seeking but not yet securing a job)**

	N	%
12 or more months before graduation	10	2.6
9-11 months before graduation	18	4.8
6-8 months before graduation	62	16.4
3-5 months before graduation	121	32.0
1-2 months before graduation	95	25.1
Less than one month before graduation	72	19.0

A sizeable number of May graduates who had been seeking but not yet found employment indicated that it was not due to lack of offers. Twenty percent said that they had actually received a job offer with four percent having received two or more offers. These students were asked to briefly describe why the job offer(s) they had received had not worked out. Several respondents indicated they were actually still in the process of considering a job offer, or that the details had just not yet been worked out. Reasons given for not accepting a job offer included compensation (e.g., salary too low or being solely based on commission), job location (e.g., did not want to relocate to the area or the commute would be too long), the job was only part-time or non-permanent, or that the job was just not a good fit for their career goals.

**Table 18: Received any job offers (among those seeking but not yet securing a job)**

	N	%
No	311	79.9
Yes: one	62	15.9
Yes: two	11	2.8
Yes: three or more	5	1.3

### Type of Work Seeking

The large majority of job-seekers said they were looking for full-time work (88.3%), with most of the remainder indicating they were looking for either full- or part-time work (11%). Almost all of those seeking employment said they were looking for a job either *directly* (48.1%) or *somewhat related* (46.8%) to their major. The most common occupations in which students were hoping to be employed were *architecture and engineering* (18.8%), *education, training, and library* (17.4%), *arts and entertainment* (7.3%), and *business and financial operations* (7.3%).

**Table 19: Looking for full-time or part-time work**

	N	%
Full-time	346	88.3
Part-time	3	0.8
Either	43	11.0

**Table 20: Relationship of Job Seeking to Major**

	N	%
Looking for position directly related to my major	188	48.1
Looking for position somewhat related to my major	183	46.8
Looking for position unrelated to my major	7	1.8
How closely position is related to major is irrelevant	13	3.3

**Table 21: Occupational Classification of Job Seeking**

	N	%
Architecture and Engineering Occupations	70	18.2
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations	28	7.3
Business and Financial Operations Occupations	28	7.3
Community and Social Service Occupations	11	2.9
Computer and Mathematical Occupations	14	3.6
Construction and Extraction Occupations	2	0.5
Education, Training, and Library Occupations	67	17.4
Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations	13	3.4
Health Care Practitioners and Technical Occupations	9	2.3
Health Care Support Occupations	14	3.6
Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	1	0.3
Legal Occupations	6	1.6
Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations	21	5.5
Management Occupations	16	4.2
Office and Administrative Support Occupations	6	1.6
Personal Care and Service Occupations	1	0.3
Production Occupations	3	0.8
Protective Service Occupations	4	1.0
Sales and Related Occupations	5	1.3
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	3	0.8
Other	44	11.5
Not sure	18	4.7

### Location of Job Seeking

Eighty-two percent of those still looking for a job at the time of the survey said they were looking only in the United States, with all but one of the remaining saying they were looking both inside and outside the U.S. (18.2%). Half of those looking only in the U.S. said they were only looking in North Carolina and 45 percent said that they were looking both in North Carolina and other states as well. The remaining five percent said they were looking for employment only outside of North Carolina.

**Table 22: Looking for Employment Inside or Outside the U.S.**

	N	%
United States	319	81.6
Outside U.S.	1	0.3
Both	71	18.2

**Table 23: Looking for Employment Inside or Outside the N.C.**

	N	%
N.C. only	159	50.0
Only outside N.C.	16	5.0
Both	143	45.0

### Future Job Seekers

A very small number of May 2013 graduates (1.4%) said that while they had not yet begun their search for employment, their primary activity after graduation would be to find a job (Table 1). In response to a question asking those respondents when they planned to start looking, the majority said they would begin within one month after graduation (58.4%).

**Table 24: When Will Begin Job Search**

	N	%
Within the next couple of weeks	4	16.7
Within a month after graduation	10	41.7
Within 2-3 months after graduation	6	25.0
Within 4-6 months after graduation	3	12.5
Within 6-12 months after graduation	1	4.2

### Further Education

This section of the report provides detailed information on further education being pursued by NC State May 2013 graduates. Twenty-six percent of the 1,676 graduating seniors who submitted the Future Plans Survey said that they planned on going to graduate or professional school in the coming year (Table 1).

Students planning on attending graduate/professional school were asked to indicate from a list of options the reasons why they had decided to pursue post-graduate education. The most common reason cited was that the student wants to *enhance my knowledge in a particular subject area* (69.3%), closely followed by *chosen career field requires graduate/professional school* (65.9%). Other reasons cited include *they will be able to earn a higher salary with an advanced degree* (54.6%) and that they *want to improve their marketability* (47.6%). Just four percent indicated that being *unable to find a job* was a reason for attending graduate/professional school.

**Table 25: Reasons for Attending Graduate/Professional School\***

	N	%
I want to enhance my knowledge in a particular subject area	307	69.3
My chosen career field requires graduate/professional school	292	65.9
I will be able to earn a higher salary with an advanced degree	242	54.6
I want to improve my marketability	211	47.6
I have been unable to find a job	17	3.8
My employer is encouraging me to attend	16	3.6
Other	22	5.0

\*Respondents could select more than one reason.

#### *Current Status for Graduate/Professional School Attendance*

Of the May 2013 graduates planning on attending graduate/professional school, the majority responded they *have been accepted and know where I'm going* (73.6%), while a few more said they *have been accepted but are still undecided* (4.7%). A relatively small percentage indicated that they had *applied, but not yet been accepted* into a graduate school (7.4%). Finally, about 14 percent *have not yet applied but plan to do so within the next year*.

The remainder of this section reports on only those who indicated they have been accepted and definitely know where they will be attending graduate/professional school.

**Table 26: Current Status for Graduate/Professional School Attendance**

	N	%
Have been accepted and know where I'm going	326	73.6
Have not applied but plan to do so within the next year	63	14.2
Have applied, but not yet been accepted	33	7.4
Have been accepted but undecided	21	4.7

#### *School Attending*

Two-thirds of the respondents who at the time of the survey knew where they would be attending graduate/professional school said they will be staying in North Carolina (66.9%), with forty-two percent actually attending NC State University. The majority of those going on to graduate/professional school say will be attending their first-choice school (88.3%).

**Table 27: State of School Attending (Top 5 most commonly mentioned)**

	N	%
North Carolina	218	66.9
California	12	3.7
Virginia	12	3.7
New York	8	2.5
Georgia	7	2.1

**Table 28: Name of School Attending (Top 5 most commonly mentioned)**

	N	%
NC State University	138	42.3
UNC Chapel Hill	21	6.4
East Carolina University	10	3.1
Duke University	9	2.8
Campbell University	8	2.5

A complete list of the graduate/professional schools graduates will be attending can be found in Appendix C.

**Table 29: Attending First Choice School?**

	N	%
Yes	288	88.3
No	38	11.7

*Degree Seeking*

Students committed to attending a specific graduate/professional school in the coming year were asked in what degree program they will be enrolled. Sixty percent of students said they would be in a Master's program, 22 percent in a Professional program, and 20 percent in a Doctoral program. Note that 13 students selected multiple programs in Table 30, likely indicating that they would be enrolled in dual degree programs (e.g., Master's and Professional degree programs).

NC State graduates were seeking a wide range of Master's degrees, but most commonly an MS, an MAC, or an MA. All but one of the survey respondents enrolling in a Doctoral program will be pursuing a Ph.D.. The most common Professional degrees NC State graduates will be seeking are a JD, MD, or DVM.

A complete list of the specific types of degrees programs in which students will be enrolled can be found in Appendix D.

**Table 30: Degree Program Enrolled In\***

	N	%
Master's	195	59.8
Professional	73	22.4
Doctoral	64	19.6

\* Respondents could select more than one degree.

\* Some respondents skipped this question.

**Table 31: Most Common Master's Degree Programs (among those enrolling in a Master's program)**

	N	%
MS	71	36.6%
MAC	25	12.9%
MA	20	10.3%

**Table 32: Most Common Doctoral Degree Programs (among those enrolling in a Doctoral degree program)**

	N	%
PhD	62	98.4%
DrPH	1	1.6%

**Table 33: Most Common Professional Degree Programs (among those enrolling in a Professional degree program)**

	N	%
JD	24	33.3%
MD	17	23.6%
DVM	13	18.1%

#### *Graduate/Professional School Funding/Awards Received*

NC State undergraduates going on to graduate/professional school received a variety of funding and/or awards as part of their acceptance into their program of study. *Scholarships* (20.9%) was the most commonly reported type of funding/awards, followed by *Research Assistantships* (16.9%), *Teaching Assistantships* (16.6%), and *Fellowships* (13.2%).

**Table 34: Graduate/Professional School Funding/Awards\***

	N	%
Scholarship	68	20.9
Research Assistantship	55	16.9
Teaching Assistantship	54	16.6
Fellowship	43	13.2
Honors/Award	12	3.7
Other assistantship	8	2.5

\*Respondents could select more than one type of funding/award.

## **NC State Experiences and Resources**

All graduating seniors participating in the Future Plans Survey were asked about their participation in various work-related experiences, as well as about various career-related resources they might have used while at NC State. This section of the report summarizes the information they shared about these experiences.

### *Work-Related Experiences*

Respondents were asked whether or not they had participated in various work-related experiences while a student at NC State, and if so, for how many semesters/summers they did it, and whether or not it was helpful in securing a job offer. Sixty percent of the students reported having had an *internship/externship* or job in their field of study. A significant number of students also reported participating on a *class project specifically designed to work with a company/organization outside of NC State* (26.1%), and/or on a *research project with a faculty member* (23.3%).

Not only did sizeable numbers of graduates have such experiences, they often had them for extended periods of time. Participation in *internships/externships or job in field* and *in research with faculty* in particular tended to be relatively long term, with such experience taking place for three or more semesters/summers (38.0% and 41.9%, respectively). In addition, while a relatively small number of students participated in a *co-op* (6.8%), those who did typically reported having multiple such experiences, with over half saying they had a co-op for either three (39.3%) or four or more (16.1%) semesters/summers. Most likely to be short-term experiences were *practicums*, *student teaching*, and *class projects*.

**Table 35: Participation in Work-Related Experiences\***

	Had Experience		# of Semesters/Summers				
	N	%	Less Than One	1	2	3	4+
Co-op	112	6.8%	2.7%	23.2%	18.8%	39.3%	16.1%
Internship/externship or job in field	997	60.3%	3.4%	33.0%	25.7%	18.9%	19.1%
Practicum	79	4.8%	3.8%	75.9%	7.6%	3.8%	8.9%
Student teaching	204	12.3%	4.5%	58.4%	23.3%	5.9%	7.9%
Research w/ faculty	385	23.3%	2.6%	25.8%	29.7%	17.2%	24.7%
Class project	432	26.1%	6.0%	53.8%	32.7%	4.6%	2.8%

\*Respondents could select more than one experience.

For the most part, regardless of the type of work-related experience, students who were interested in finding employment were very positive about the helpfulness of the experience in securing a job offer. *Co-ops* were most likely to be viewed as “very helpful” (73.5%) followed by *internships/job in field* (60%). Although the majority viewed it as a helpful experience, *class projects* working with outside company/organization were more likely than other work-related experiences to be viewed as “not very helpful” or “not at all helpful” (31.6%) in securing employment. Those who were not seeking employment (e.g., because they were continuing their education or have some other plans following graduation) were given the option to select “not applicable” when asked about the helpfulness of the work-related experience. In Table 36, “not applicable” responses have been excluded.

**Table 36: Helpfulness of Work Experiences in Securing Employment (among those having had the experience and having looked for employment)**

	4: Very Helpful	3: Somewhat Helpful	2: Not Very Helpful	1: Not At All Helpful	N
Co-op	73.5%	20.6%	2.9%	2.9%	102
Internship	60.0%	30.1%	6.9%	3.1%	875
Practicum	44.6%	32.3%	18.5%	4.6%	65
Student teaching	39.8%	42.8%	12.0%	5.4%	166
Research w/ faculty	46.7%	36.9%	12.4%	3.9%	306
Class project	26.4%	42.0%	19.2%	12.4%	364

#### Career Service Offices

Graduating seniors were asked if they had ever used the different career service offices on campus, and if so how frequently they had used them and how they would rate the services provided. Among respondents overall, a plurality graduates reported having never used any of the career centers asked about (42.7%). Use of the career centers asked about, however, varied widely by college. For example, those in the College of Textiles were by far the most likely to report having used a career center, with 90 percent having gone to at least one of the centers asked about. In comparison, only about one-fourth of those in the College of Education had ever used one of the career centers asked about.

Not surprisingly, use of the various career centers was strongly related to students’ college, with students being most likely to have gone to the career service office in their own college, when available. In addition, college career services offices typically attracted very few students from outside their college. Among survey respondents, almost 90 percent of the students in the College of Textiles reported going to the College of Textiles Career Services office. Sixty percent or more of those in the College of Design, the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, and the Poole College of

Management used their respective college career services office (59.6%, 61.4%, and 64.6%, respectively). The University Career Development Center was most likely to be used by those without a such services in their own college, such as those in the College of Engineering (52.7%), the College of Humanities and Social Sciences (51.5%), and by the very few respondents graduating from the Division of Academic and Student Affairs (66.7%).

**Table 37: Career Service Offices Used; Overall and by College Graduated From\***

	College/School										
	NCSU	COE	CALS	CHASS	PCOM	CNR	CED	COT	PAMS	Design	DASA
Career Development Center	34.8%	52.7%	15.2%	51.5%	28.7%	27.7%	19.8%	13.7%	34.8%	12.3%	66.7%
CALS Career Services	12.7%	0.7%	61.4%	2.0%	0.4%	2.1%	0.0%	1.4%	4.3%	0.0%	0.0%
College of Textiles Career Services	4.3%	0.5%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	89.0%	0.0%	5.3%	0.0%
College of Design Career Services	2.2%	0.0%	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	59.6%	0.0%
Poole COM Career Development Center	10.0%	0.5%	0.6%	1.7%	64.6%	2.1%	1.1%	0.0%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
None of the above	42.7%	44.9%	33.2%	46.8%	28.3%	68.1%	76.9%	11.0%	62.3%	38.6%	33.3%
<b>Total</b>	1,653	412	316	301	237	94	91	73	69	57	3

\*Respondents could select more than one option.

Among those using a career services office, those going to the one in the College of Textiles were by far most likely to go frequently, with 42.3% saying they go “on a regular basis,” and another 23.9% saying they had gone “many times.” Thus, as noted above, most students in the College of Textiles are going to their career services office, and they are going there a lot. Other than the College of Textiles Career Services office, those using the College of Design Career Services were next most likely to have used it at least several times (69.5%). Students using the University Career Development Center used it least frequently, with 52.7% of those ever having used it saying they did so “just once or twice.”

**Table 38: Frequency of Use of Career Service Offices (among those ever having used the office)**

	4: On a Regular Basis	3: Many Times	2: Several Times	1: Just Once or Twice	N
Career Development Center	4.3%	7.8%	35.1%	52.7%	575
CALS Career Services	3.3%	8.1%	42.4%	46.2%	210
College of Textiles Career Services	42.3%	23.9%	12.7%	21.1%	71
College of Design Career Services	2.8%	16.7%	50.0%	30.6%	36
Poole College of Management Career Development Center	4.2%	12.1%	37.0%	46.7%	165

Ratings of all career services offices were generally positive - - in no case did more than small number of users rate the services of any given center as “poor” or “very poor”. Once again the College of Textiles Career Services office came out on top, with more than three-fourths of those students using the office rating it as “excellent.” While the College of Design Career Services office overall received positive ratings, they were less likely than others to be rated as “excellent” by their users (19.4%).



**Table 39: Rating of Career Offices' Services (among those ever having used the office)**

	5: Excellent	4: Good	3: Fair	2: Poor	1: Very Poor	N
Career Development Center	35.5%	48.8%	13.8%	1.2%	0.7%	574
CALS Career Services	42.4%	46.7%	10.0%	1.0%	0.0%	210
College of Textiles Career Services	77.5%	21.1%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	71
College of Design Career Services	19.4%	66.7%	11.1%	2.8%	0.0%	36
Poole College of Management Career Development Center	37.6%	51.5%	8.5%	1.8%	0.6%	165

**Career Services and Fairs**

Students were asked whether or not they had used various specific career-related services. Looking at respondents overall, we see that a majority of respondents indicated that they had *attended a career fair (either on or off campus)* (68.7%) or that they had taken advantage of *ePACK*, the University Career Center's online tool for connecting students with potential employers (67.9%). About one-third of students said that they had attended *presentations about resume writing, interviewing, and other career skills* (36.4%), visited the *NC State Career Development Center website* (33.9%), *joined a professional society/organization at NC State in career area* (33%), or attended *employer information systems* (30.4%). Respondents were least likely to have participated in *mock interviews with a Career Counselor/Coach* (11.8%).

There were only a few differences in responses based on whether a student appeared to be planning on joining the workforce or going on to graduate/professional school after graduation. Generally those planning on further education took advantage of career-planning resources to the same extent as those looking for work. Although those who had either accepted a job, were looking for employment at the time of the survey, or planning to look for work were more likely to have used *ePack*, a majority of those planning on graduate/professional school had used it as well (71.4% vs 59.5%). Those planning on employment were much more likely than those planning on continuing their education to have participated in *on-campus interviewing* (31.6% vs 17.1%) and they were slightly more likely to have visited the *NC State Career Development website* (36.2% vs 28.7%). In contrast, those planning on continuing their education were more likely than those planning on entering the workforce to have *joined a professional society at NCSU related to their career field* (38.8% vs 31.2%).

**Table 40. Resources Used at NC State; Overall and by Plans at Time of Graduation\***

	NCSU	Accepted Job/ Seeking Work/ Planning to Look for Work	Attending/ Planning to Attend Grad School
Attended career fair	68.7%	70.0%	67.3%
ePACK	67.9%	71.4%	59.5%
Presentations on resume writing, interviewing skills, etc.	36.4%	36.4%	35.9%
Visited NC State Career Development Center website	33.9%	36.2%	28.8%
Joined professional society at NCSU related to career field	33.0%	31.2%	38.8%
Attended employer info sessions	30.4%	33.2%	23.2%
On-campus interviewing	27.2%	31.6%	17.1%
Spoke w/ Career Counselor/Coach	21.7%	22.4%	18.0%
Mock interviews w/ Career Counselor/Coach	11.8%	11.8%	10.2%
Total (N)	1,653	1,170	40

\*Respondents could select more than one resource

Students who said they had attended a career fair were asked which career fair(s) they had attended. Looking at students overall, among the more than two-thirds of respondents who said they had *attended a career fair, either on or off campus*, students were most likely to report attending the *Engineering Career Fair* (44.5%), followed by the *PCOM Career and Internship Fair* (19.2%), the *CALS Career Expo* (17.4%).

Looking at career fair attendance by the college from which a student graduated is informative. Virtually all of the survey respondents graduating from the College of Engineering indicated that they had attended the Engineering Career Fair (99.5%), as did 70 percent of those graduating from the College of Physical and Mathematical Sciences. Similarly, 98.3 percent of those in the Poole College of Management said that they had participated in the Poole College of Management Career and Internship Fair. Although still a large majority, students in the Colleges of Textiles, Humanities and Social Sciences, Agriculture and Life Sciences, and Design were slightly less likely to have attended their college career fairs (88.1%, 79.5%, 76.8%, and 74.1%, respectively). Students in the College of Education were most likely to have attended a *career fair unaffiliated with NC State* (60.5%) or a *career fair at another university* (32.6%). Overall, the Engineering Career fair attracted the widest breadth of students (i.e., many students from several different colleges). Students in the College of Humanities and Social Sciences, and those in the College of Textiles, appear to have the most number of students taking advantage of the broadest range of career fairs.

**Table 41: Career Fair Attended; Overall and by College Graduated From (among those having attended any type of career fair)\***

	College/School									
	NCSU	COE	CALS	PCOM	CHASS	COT	CNR	CED	PAMS	Design
CALS Career Expo	17.4%	2.4%	76.8%	1.1%	8.3%	5.1%	16.3%	2.3%	5.0%	0.0%
CHASS Career Fair	11.8%	0.5%	0.5%	2.3%	79.5%	0.0%	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
College of Design Networking Fair	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	74.1%
Engineering Career Fair	44.5%	99.5%	15.0%	12.5%	6.4%	28.8%	34.7%	7.0%	70.0%	7.4%
Poole COM Career & Internship Fair	19.2%	0.8%	3.4%	98.3%	10.3%	15.3%	12.2%	2.3%	5.0%	3.7%
Textiles Job Forum	5.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	88.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	11.1%
Law School Fair	2.8%	0.0%	0.5%	0.6%	17.9%	0.0%	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Health Career Expo	5.6%	0.8%	24.6%	0.6%	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%	2.3%	5.0%	0.0%
Other fair at NC State	9.8%	4.8%	9.2%	2.8%	14.7%	10.2%	53.1%	4.7%	27.5%	3.7%
Career fair at other university	3.7%	0.5%	2.4%	0.0%	7.7%	3.4%	6.1%	32.6%	0.0%	11.1%
Career fair unaffiliated w/ university	4.9%	1.6%	3.4%	2.3%	5.8%	3.4%	4.1%	60.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Don't know/don't remember	1.9%	0.0%	1.9%	0.6%	3.8%	1.7%	6.1%	11.6%	5.0%	0.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>376</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>27</b>

\*Respondents could select more than one career fair.

## Closing Comments

The Future Plans Survey closed by asking respondents to rate their overall satisfaction with the career guidance they had received from their department and/or college while at NC State, and to reflect on how they are feeling about their future. The majority of May 2013 graduates said they were either “satisfied” (43%) or “very satisfied” (28.6%) with the career guidance they had received from their academic department/college. While a sizable number were neutral about the guidance they received (21.2%), only about 7 percent said they were either “dissatisfied” (5.6%) or “very dissatisfied” (1.6%) with it.

Overall, the May 2013 graduates are excited about their futures. When asked which statement comes closest to how they were feeling about their future, 88 percent of respondents said that they were either "very excited" (57%) or "pretty excited" (30.9%). Students were less likely to choose "a bit confused/uncertain: I'm really not sure what I want to do and/or what I'm prepared to do" (11.1%). Finally, very few students appear to be feeling at a loss, with just 1 percent selecting the final option, "very confused/uncertain: I just don't feel ready/prepared to move on."

**Table 42: Satisfaction with Career Guidance from Academic Department/College**

	5: Very Satisfied	4: Satisfied	3: Neutral	2: Dissatisfied	1: Very Dissatisfied	N
Overall Satisfaction	28.6%	43.0%	21.2%	5.6%	1.6%	1,648

**Table 43: Feelings about Future**

	N	%
Very excited: Confident this is what I want to do and I'm prepared	940	57.0
Pretty excited: Fairly sure this is what I want to do	509	30.9
A bit confused/uncertain: Not really sure what I want to do	183	11.1
Very confused/uncertain: Don't feel ready/prepared to move on	17	1.0

**May 2013 Future Plans Survey**  
**Appendix A: Complete List of Employers**  
*(among those accepting full-time employment)*

**Table 1: Company Name**

	N
518 West	1
A+E Television Networks	1
ABB	2
ACE Hardware	1
APA SPCA	1
AT&T	1
AXA Advisors	1
Abercrombie and Fitch	1
Accenture	1
Adams Howell P.A.	1
Alamance Burlington School System	1
Alarm.com	1
Albemarle Corporation	3
Alice Aycock Poe Center for Health Education	1
All About Aesthetics	1
Alley, Williams, Carmen, & King	1
Allscripts	1
Altec Industries	2
Amazon.com	2
AmeriCorps	7
American Process	1
Analog Devices	1
AndeanHut	1
Anheuser-Busch	1
Aon	1
Applied Research Associates	1
Arden Company	1
Argos Therapeutics	1
Atlas Lighting	1
Atrium Staffing for Biogen Idec	1
Aurauco flakeboard	1
B&S Enterprises	1

**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
B/E Aerospace	1
BB&T	2
BCBSNC	1
BMW Manufacturing Inc.	1
Baker Roofing	2
Baker Thermal Solutions	1
Baltimore Orioles	1
Bandwidth.com	1
Banfield Pet Hospital	2
Bank of America	1
Beck Group	1
Bekaert Textiles USA	1
Belk	3
Bethel Hill Charter School	1
Beyond Organic	1
Biogen Idec	3
Black & Veatch	1
Blackbaud	2
Blue Ridge Animal Hospital	1
Blythe Construction	1
Boeing	1
Boggs Paving	1
Boston Red Sox	1
Brasfield and Gorrie General Contractors	1
Bryan Lee Funeral Home	1
Burch Farms	1
Burns & McDonnell	1
Butler Manufacturing	1
CAM Raleigh	1
CDM Smith	1
CPI security	1
CRB Consulting Engineers	2
CTG/Lenovo	1
Cafe Carolina and Bakery	1
Cambridge Associates	1

**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
Campus Crusade for Christ	1
Capital City Groundskeeping	1
Capitol Financial Solutions	2
Carmax	1
Carnival Cruise Lines	1
Carolina Hurricanes	1
Carolina Railhawks	1
Carolina Recreation	1
Carolinas Healthcare System	1
Carolinas Medical Center	1
Carpenter	1
Carwild Corporation	1
Cascades Tissue Group	1
Castlewood Country Club	1
Catalent Pharma Solution	1
Caterpillar	3
Cato Corporation	1
Celanese	1
ChannelAdvisor	1
Chatham Animal Hospital	1
Chemol	2
Chick-fil-A	1
Chungdam Learning	1
Cirrus Pharmaceuticals	1
Cisco Systems	24
Citrix Systems	1
City of Raleigh	1
Classic Cab Company	1
Coats Veterinary Hospital	1
Cobb-Vantress	1
Coherent Technical Services	1
Colonial Marketing Group	1
Commissioning Agents Incorporated	1
Community School of Davidson	1
Compliance Implementation Services	2

**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
Consolidated Graphics	1
Cookerly Public Relations	1
Cooper & Bailey's, LLC	1
Copernicus Group IRB	1
Coral 8	1
Craven County Public Schools	1
Credit Suisse	2
Cree	1
Crenshaw Consulting Engineers	1
Crescent Family Practice	1
Cru Global	2
Culp Inc.	1
Cummins	1
Cushman & Wakefield Thalhimer	1
Deloitte	7
Delta Dental of North Carolina	1
Descher Automation	1
Domtar	2
Doosan Infracore Portable Power	1
Dugout Media	1
Duke Cancer Institute	1
Duke Energy	4
Duke Laboratories	1
Duke Translational Medicine Institute	1
Duke University	2
Durham District Attorney's Office	1
EDSTAR Analytics	1
EHG	1
EMC Corporation	2
Eastman Chemical Company	2
Eaton Corporation	2
Ecolab	2
Edward Jones	1
Electrolux	1
Elizabeth R Harrison, Attorney at law	1

**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
Elkus Manfredi Architects	2
Engineered Controls Intl.	1
Engineered Tower Solutions	1
Engineering Consulting Services	1
Enterprise Rent A Car	1
Investnet Tamarac	2
Enzymatic Deinking Technologies	1
Ernst & Young	3
Evangelical Catholic	1
ExxonMobil	7
Farragut Systems	1
Fast Enterprises, LLC	1
Fastenal	1
FatCat Strategies	1
Fidelity Investments	5
Fineline Prototyping	1
Fluor Corporation	1
Frameworks	1
Freese & Nichols	1
Freightliner Custom Chassis Corporation	1
Fuel Tech	1
Fujifilm Diosynth Biotechnologies	1
Garden Environments	1
General Electric	4
Genworth	1
George Pickett and Associates	1
Georgia Pacific	4
GlaxoSmithKline	1
Global Aid Network (GAIN)	1
Global Safety Textiles	2
Global Value Commerce	1
Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company	1
Google Inc.	1
Granville Magnet School	1
GreenT	1



**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
Greensboro Fellows	1
HDR Inc.	1
HM Kern Corporation	1
HNTB	1
Halliburton	1
Hanes Brand	1
Hanky Panky Ltd.	1
Hayward Pool Products	1
Hazen & Sawyer	1
Hearthstone Luxury Homes	1
Helena Chemical	1
Henri Bendel	1
Henry M. Jackson Foundation	1
Hewlett-Packard	1
Highfill Infrastructure Engineering, PC	1
Highland Industries	1
Hill Chesson and Woody	1
Himalayan Bio-Organic Agricultural Center	1
Honda of Concord	1
Hope-Beckham	1
Hospira	13
Hurst Home Company, LLC	1
IBM	23
IP	1
Impact Promotions	1
Indianapolis Colts NFL Team	1
Indulor	1
Innovative Talent Solutions	1
Institute for Emerging Issues	1
International Exotic Animal Sanctuary	1
International Paper	1
International Textile Group	1
Intrepid Marketing Group	1
Iredell-Statesville Schools	1
J Crew	1

**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
J. R. Simplot Company	1
JDA	1
JET Program	1
JR's Auto Sales	1
Jefferson County Public Schools	1
Jim Spencer Architects	1
Jimmy Johns	1
John Deere	1
Johns Hopkins Applied Physics Laboratory	1
Johnson Optometric Associates	1
Johnston County Department of Social Services	1
Justice	1
KB Home	1
Kadro Solutions	1
Kepley Frank Hardwood	1
Kerr Drug Pharmacy	1
Kimberly-Clark	1
Kimley-Horn and Associates	2
Kinemax Engineering PLLC	1
Kohl's Department Stores	1
Kruger Inc.	1
LPL Financial	1
LabCorp	7
Largemouth Communications	1
Lenovo	5
Limited Brands, Inc.	1
Lord Corporation	1
Louis Berger Group, Inc.	1
Lowe's Home Improvement	1
MC Dean	2
MG Capital Maintenance	1
MHC Kenworth	1
Mack Trucks	1
Macy's	1
Manhattan Associates	2

**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
Marco's Pizza	1
Marina Maher Communications	1
McConnell Golf	1
McKesson	1
McKim & Creed	2
Mead West Vecco	1
Merck	4
Merck Sharp & Dohme	1
Michael D. Neal & Associates	1
Michael Osteen, P.E.	1
Microbac	1
Mid-Atlantic Crane	1
MightyHive	1
Millennium Advisors LLC	1
Milliken & Company	3
Milner	1
Moon and Lola	1
Mount Mitchell State Park	1
Mu Sigma	1
Multivision	1
Murphy Family Ventures	1
N/A	2
NAVAIR	2
NC Cooperative Extension	1
NC DENR	1
NC Department of Agriculture	1
NC Department of Public Safety	1
NC Fire District #13	1
NC General Assembly	1
NC Museum of Natural Sciences	2
NC State Entomology Department	1
NC State University	14
NC Teacher Corps	1
NC Wildlife Resources Commission	1
NCDOT	6

**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
NSTAR Global Services	1
Nancy Ray Photography	1
NetApp	3
New City Design Group	1
Newell Rubbermaid	2
Newport News Shipbuilding	4
Nike	2
Nimble storage	1
Nordstrom	1
Norfolk Southern	2
Northside Family Pharmacy	1
Northwestern Mutual	1
Not sure	1
Novartis	1
Novo Nordisk Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	1
Novozymes	1
Nucor	1
O'Brien and Gere	1
OSIsoft	1
Oak Grove Technologies	1
Octagon Sports & Entertainment	1
Offline Media	1
Ogilvy & Mather	1
OnWire Consulting Group	1
Oracle	1
PCL Industrial Construction Co.	2
Palziv NA	1
Parker	1
Pavco	1
Paycom	1
Peace Corps	2
Peak Truss Builders, LLC	1
Perdue Poultry	2
Perkins+Will	1
PetDocks Veterinary Hospital	1

**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
Petway Mills & Pearson, PA	2
PhishLabs	1
Pilgrims Pride	1
Players Retreat	1
PointSource	1
Polly's Construction	1
PoolCorp	1
Poplar Ridge Farm	1
PotashCorp - Aurora	1
Praxair	1
Precious Lambs Early Learning Center	1
Premier Healthcare Alliance	1
Principal Financial Group	1
Procter & Gamble	1
Professional Speciality Publications	1
Proficient Health	1
Prometheus Group	3
Provantage Corporate Solutions	1
Pullen Park Arts Center	1
Qualcomm	2
Quantifize	1
Quintiles	1
RF Micro Devices	1
RKK	1
ROI Revolution	2
RTI International	5
Raleigh Skin Surgery Center	1
Ramey Kemp & Associates	1
Randolph County Schools	1
Red House Group	1
Red Ventures	1
Reformed University Ministries	1
Residence Inn Raleigh Crabtree	1
ReverbNation	1
Rockfish Hoke Elementary School	1

**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
Rocky Mountain Pathways Ranch	1
Rovisys	2
Royall & Company	1
Ruby Tuesday	1
S&ME	1
SAS Institute	7
SCA and Mattamuskeet NWR	1
SCS Engineers	1
SPX Corporation	2
Sabra, Wang & Associates	1
Sageworks	1
Saks Fifth Avenue	1
Schneider Electric	6
School System	1
Self-employed	1
Sensus	1
Sepi Engineering and Construction	1
Shaw Industries	1
Shelco, Inc.	1
Sherwin-Williams	1
Shoeboxed	1
ShurTape	1
Siemens Corporation	1
SimpleRelevance	1
Sokal Media Group	1
Southeastern Freight Lines	1
Sport2Sport	1
Sporting Kansas City	1
Springs Creative Products Group	1
St. Louis Cardinals	1
State Climate Office of North Carolina	1
State Farm	1
StepUp Ministry	1
Stewart, Inc.	1
Sungate Design Group	1

**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
Sunstreet Corporations	1
Superhero Experiments	1
Support	1
Surry County Public Schools	1
Syngenta	2
SynteractHCR, Inc.	1
T-mobile USA	1
TE Connectivity	2
TEKsystems	1
TSI Healthcare	1
Target	3
Teach for America	5
Tec Tran Brake Corporation	1
Tekelec	2
Tempest Telecom Solutions	1
Tex Tech Industries	1
The Aspire Group at the University of Alabama at Birmingham	1
The Center for International Understanding	1
The Linde Group	1
The List Inc.	1
The Ohio State University	1
The Open Sky Group	1
The Raleigh School of Ballet	1
The Rovisys Company	1
The Salesfactory	1
The Select Group	1
The Special Event Company	1
The Style Council	1
Timbco LLC.	1
Tower Engineering Professionals	1
Triangle Direct Media	1
Trinity Consultants	1
Triumph Actuation Systems	1
Tyson Foods	4
UCB Biosciences, Inc.	1

**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
UNC Internal Medicine Clinic	1
UNC Kidney Center	1
US Air Force	10
US Army	2
US Department of Defense	3
US Marine Corps	3
US Military	1
US Navy	6
Under Armour	1
Unifi	1
Uniform Color Company	1
Union County Public School System	1
United Therapeutics	1
University Directories	3
University of North Carolina	2
Urban Outfitters	1
VF Corporation	1
VIF International Education	1
Valley Auto World	1
Verizon Wireless	1
Vescom America	1
Wake County CCBI	1
Wake County Public School System	3
WakeMed Hospital	1
Walt Disney Company	2
Ward Consulting Engineers	1
Weil McLain	2
Wells Fargo	2
Wildfire, LLC	1
Wilkes County Board of Education	1
Williamsburg Club	1
Woof Gang Bakery	1
Workplace Options	1
YMCA	1
Young Life	1



**Table 1: Company Name (continued)**

	N
Youth Advocacy and Involvement Office	1
Youth With A Mission	1
Zachry Construction	1
Zee Water & Energy	1

## May 2013 Future Plans Survey

### Appendix B: Complete List of Countries and States in Which Graduates Will Be Working

*(among those accepting full-time employment)*

**Table 1: Country Will Be Working In**

	N
Australia	1
Jamaica	1
Japan	2
Multiple	1
Nepal	1
Not sure	2
South Korea	1
United States	686

**Table 2: State Will Be Working In**

	N
Alabama	1
Arkansas	1
California	6
Colorado	4
Connecticut	1
Delaware	1
District of Columbia	3
Florida	5
Georgia	14
Illinois	8
Indiana	4
Iowa	3
Kansas	2
Kentucky	2
Louisiana	7
Maine	1
Maryland	6
Massachusetts	3
Michigan	2
Minnesota	1
Mississippi	1

**Table 2: State Will Be Working In, *continued***

	N
Missouri	2
Nevada	2
New Jersey	1
New York	13
North Carolina	479
Ohio	4
Oklahoma	3
Oregon	1
Pennsylvania	5
South Carolina	17
Tennessee	6
Texas	22
Virginia	30
West Virginia	1
Wisconsin	3
Not sure	20

**May 2013 Future Plans Survey**  
**Appendix C: Graduate/Professional Schools Students Will Be Attending**  
*(among those having been accepted and planning on enrolling)*

**Table 1: Name of School Attending**

	N
Albany Law School	1
American University	2
Appalachian State University	3
Ben Gurion University of the Negev	1
Boston University	1
Brown University	1
Caltech	1
Campbell University	8
Carnegie Mellon University	1
Carolinas College of Health Sciences	1
Columbia University	2
Cornell University	3
Duke University	9
East Carolina University	10
Eastern Virginia Medical School	1
Elon University	6
Emory University	1
George Washington University	3
Georgia Institute of Technology	4
Georgia State University	1
Harvard	2
Imperial College London	1
Kent State University	1
Lehigh University	1
Massachusetts General Hospital Institute of Health Professions	1
Massachusetts Institute of Technology	1
Meredith College	1
NC State University	138
New York University	1
Norfolk State University	1
North Carolina Central University	3
Notre Dame	2

**Table 1: Name of School Attending, *continued***

	N
Nova Southeastern College of Optometry	1
Pfeiffer University	1
Philadelphia College of Osteopathic Medicine	1
Princeton University	1
Purdue University	1
Sam Houston State University	1
San Diego State University	1
Santa Clara University	1
South Dakota State University	1
Southern College of Optometry	1
St Charles Borromeo Seminary	1
St George's University	1
Stanford University	3
Strayer University	1
Texas Tech University	1
The Ohio State University	4
The School of Visual Arts (NYC)	1
UNC Chapel Hill	21
UNC Charlotte	4
UNC Greensboro	2
UNC Wilmington	3
University of Alabama	2
University of Arizona	1
University of Bristol	1
University of California Berkeley	3
University of California Davis	1
University of California Santa Barbara	1
University of Chicago	1
University of Cincinnati	1
University of Colorado	1
University of Colorado Boulder	1
University of Connecticut	1
University of Delaware	4
University of Florida	3
University of Glasgow	1

**Table 1: Name of School Attending, *continued***

	N
University of Kentucky	1
University of Maryland at College Park	1
University of Miami	1
University of Michigan	1
University of Minnesota	1
University of Missouri	1
University of Nebraska-Lincoln	1
University of Pennsylvania	1
University of Pittsburgh	1
University of Southern California	1
University of Tennessee Knoxville	3
University of Texas Austin	3
University of Virginia	2
University of Washington	1
University of Wisconsin Milwaukee	1
Vanderbilt University	1
Villanova University	1
Virginia College of Osteopathic Medicine	1
Virginia Commonwealth University	1
Virginia Tech	6
Wake Forest University	6
Western Carolina University	1
Western Kentucky University	2

**May 2013 Future Plans Survey**  
**Appendix D: Complete List of Degrees Students Are Pursuing**  
*(among those having been accepted and planning on enrolling)*

**Table 1: Master's Degree Program Enrolled In**

	N
EdS	1
MA	20
MAC	25
MAEd	11
MAT	4
MArch	2
MBA	4
MBAE	1
MCM	1
MCRP	1
MCS	1
ME	7
MEM	1
MFA	2
MFT	1
MGIM	7
MGIS	1
MIE	1
MIS	1
MLA	1
MLIS	1
MNE	2
MO	1
MOP	1
MPAS	2
MPH	3
MR	2
MS	71
MSA	1
MSAE	1
MSCE	3

**Table 1: Master's Degree Program Enrolled In, *continued***

	N
MSEE	2
MSPE	1
MSW	8
MSc	1
ThM	1

**Table 2: Doctoral Degree Program Enrolled In**

	N
DrPH	1
PhD	62

**Table 3: Professional Degree Program Enrolled In**

	N
BArch	1
BSN	1
DDS	3
DO	2
DPT	4
DVM	13
FNP	1
JD	24
MD	17
OD	2
PharmD	4

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